

APPENDIX E

Equality & Human Rights Impact Assessment (EHRIA)

This Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessment (EHRIA) will enable you to assess the **new**, **proposed or significantly changed** policy/ practice/ procedure/ function/ service** for equality and human rights implications.

Undertaking this assessment will help you to identify whether or not this policy/ practice/ procedure/ function/ service** may have an adverse impact on a particular community or group of people. It will ultimately ensure that as an Authority we do not discriminate and we are able to promote equality, diversity and human rights.

Before completing this form please refer to the EHRIA <u>guidance</u>, for further information about undertaking and completing the assessment. For further advice and guidance, please contact your <u>Departmental Equalities Group</u> or <u>equality@leics.gov.uk</u>

**Please note: The term 'policy' will be used throughout this assessment as shorthand for policy, practice, procedure, function or service.

Key Details					
Name of policy being assessed:	Adult Social Care Strategy 2016 – 2020				
Department and section:	Adults & Communities				
Name of lead officer/ job title and others completing this assessment:	Alison Maullin Strategic Planning Officer				
Contact telephone numbers:	0116 3055604				
Name of officer/s responsible for implementing this policy:	Jon Wilson Director, Adults & Communities				
Date EHRIA assessment started:	01/05/2015				
Date EHRIA assessment completed:	29/12/2015				

Section 1: Defining the policy

Section 1: Defining the policy

You should begin this assessment by defining and outlining the scope of this policy. You should consider the impact or likely impact of the policy in relation to all areas of equality, diversity and human rights, as outlined in Leicestershire County Council's Equality Strategy.

1 What is new or changed in this policy? What has changed and why?

The Adult Social Care Strategy 2015 - 2019 has been prepared to outline the vision and strategic direction of social care support for the next 4 years. The life of the strategy has been determined by matching to the life of the current Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS), in order for us to our meet financial targets and implement our new approach to adult social care.

The need for a new strategy has arisen from new and updated legislation (e.g. the Care Act), increasing demographic pressures, ongoing budget cuts and plans for the integration of health and social care services. All of these factors will have a significant impact on our approach, and on how people are supported in the future.

In order to meet our statutory and financial obligations we have developed a model which is a 'stepped' approach, designed to ensure that people can get the right level and type of support, at the right time to help prevent, delay or reduce the need for ongoing support, and maximise people's independence. The 'stepped' approach outlines how the Department can support people with different levels of need in order to:

- prevent a need for social care (by making universal services e.g. advice and information, public health wellbeing initiatives available),
- reduce the need for social care (through targeted interventions, e.g. social groups),
- delay the need for social care (through reablement and rehabilitation services) and for those most in need,
- meeting needs with the minimum amount of support by identifying and using a broad set of social resources as well as formal service provision, and through progressive planning.

The Care Act places new duties on the local authority in relation to assessment and support for carers, safeguarding, social care for people in prisons, and deferred payments for people entering residential care. Also, it is based upon an ethos of supporting people to be as independent as possible and promoting individual wellbeing and positive outcomes arising from interventions. The Strategy is based upon these values and principles, and outlines how we will focus on preventive services in order to avoid the development or deterioration of long-term conditions, expensive treatment and care options in the future, decreasing demand and freeing up resources for those who most need them.

2	Does this relate to any other policy within your department, the Council or with other partner organisations? If yes, please reference the relevant policy or EHRIA. If unknown, further investigation may be required.The Strategy will relate to a number of other policies and strategies, and is linked to the following strategies/work streams: - Carers StrategyAdult Social Care Commissioning Strategy - Medium Term Financial Strategy
	 Adult Social Care Workforce Strategy Finance Assessment, support planning and review Resource allocation Learning and Development Compliance Performance Management Integration with health Market shaping Information and Advice
	 Who are the people/ groups (target groups) affected and what is the intended change or outcome for them? The potential impact is upon everyone living in Leicestershire with a need or potential need for social care support, with an aim of ensuring people can get the right level and type of support, at the right time to help prevent, delay or reduce the need for ongoing support, and maximise people's independence. This includes carers, people who do not meet social care eligibility criteria, and those who are self-funders.
	 The intentions of the changes are to ensure that the new model of support can: Identify and effectively prioritise people who may require an intervention/ support; Prevent escalation (increasing need) or a crisis, and maximise independence; Provide services in the right place: at home, in the community, or in a specialist setting according to need, preference, and cost effectiveness; Deliver the right support to prevent, reduce or delay need, without creating dependence, delivered by the right people with the right skills.
4	The focus is therefore on supporting people to achieve their outcomes, and to delivering only as much formal support as will enable them to do so, whilst maximising informal support from families and communities. Will this policy meet the Equality Act 2010 requirements to have due regard to

the need to meet a	ny of the	following	g aspects? (Please tick and explain how)
	Yes	No	How?
Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation	x		The strategy and delivery model focus on individual outcomes for each person and encompass the full range of need.
Advance equality of opportunity between different groups	x		This is an holistic model which encompasses people who do not meet eligibility criteria. It is personalised and designed to meet individual needs, available to all regardless of any protected characteristics.
Foster good relations between different groups	x		The model is based on inclusion, focussing on maximising family and community assets and supporting people to be part of a wider community network.

Section 2: Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessment (EHRIA) Screening

Section 2: Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessment Screening

The purpose of this section of the assessment is to help you decide if a full EHRIA is required.

If you have already identified that a full EHRIA is needed for this policy/ practice/ procedure/ function/ service, either via service planning processes or other means, then please go straight to <u>Section 3</u> on Page 7 of this document.

	Section 2 A: Research and Consultation						
5.	Have the target groups been consulted about the following?	Yes	No*				
	 a) their current needs and aspirations and what is important to them; 		x				
	 b) any potential impact of this change on them (positive and negative, intended and unintended); 		x				
	c) potential barriers they may face		x				
6.	If the target groups have not been consulted directly, have representatives been consulted or research explored (e.g. Equality Mapping)?	x					
7.	Have other stakeholder groups/ secondary groups (e.g. carers of service users) been explored in terms of	x					

	potential unintended impacts?
8.	*If you answered 'no' to the question above, please use the space below to outline what consultation you are planning to undertake, or why you do not consider it to be necessary.
	There has already been extensive consultation in relation to preventative services, mental health services, and carers' services. Additionally workshops have taken place with service user, carer and provider representatives (July 2014, February 2015) to determine future priorities which are reflected in the new service model. Further workshops are planned, to be held on a quarterly basis to monitor progress.
	Central government consultation on the Care Act 2014 confirmed the focus on wellbeing and preventing, reducing and delaying needs together with the importance of personal outcomes. The Adult Social Care Strategy has been developed according to these principles.
	A full public consultation exercise will be undertaken to seek views from all stakeholders and determine the future model for social care and the commissioning priorities.
Coot	ion 2

Section 2 **B: Monitoring Impact** Are there systems set up to: Yes No 9. Х a) monitor impact (positive and negative, intended and unintended) for different groups; b) enable open feedback and suggestions from Х different communities Note: If no to Question 8, you will need to ensure that monitoring systems are established to check for impact on the protected characteristics. Section 2 **C: Potential Impact** 10. Use the table below to specify if any individuals or community groups who identify with any of the 'protected characteristics' may potentially be affected by this policy and describe any positive and negative impacts, including any barriers. Comments Yes No Age Older people make up the Х largest group of users of social care, and numbers are increasing. The Strategy aims to ensure

that people who might not

		1	
			approach social care or are not eligible can still access support. Age–related conditions must be factored in when planning services (e.g. failing eyesight and higher incidence of dementia in older people, onset of psychosis in 16 -25 year old men, or depression in 40+ year old women, etc.). Data available through JSNA and internal records must be fully utilised when planning services.
Disability	X		All disability-related issues must be taken account of, for people with physical disability, sensory impairment, learning disability, and mental health conditions, when services are planned and commissioned. Attention should be paid to physical access, and format of information and advice.
Gender Reassignment		x	
Marriage and Civil Partnership		x	
Pregnancy and Maternity		X	
Race	X		The focus on achieving individual outcomes will support equality of service delivery. Ongoing monitoring is required to ensure that services are accessible and inclusive.
Religion or Belief	X		As above
Sex	X		As above
Sexual Orientation	X		As above
Other groups e.g. rural isolation, deprivation, health inequality, carers, asylum	x		Attention should be paid to physical access including the location of service provision, and the format of information

			-	
	seeker and refugee			and advice.
	communities, looked after			Integration with health services
	children, deprived or			will contribute to addressing
	disadvantaged			health inequalities.
				nealth mequalities.
	communities			
	Community Cohesion	X		The focus on maximising use of
				community resources should
				promote greater inclusion and
				community cohesion.
11.				
	Are the human rights of individu	uals pote	entially	affected by this proposal? Could
	there be an impact on human ri			
	(Please tick)	grits ioi		
	(Flease lick)			
				article in the Human Rights Act may
				edure and how the human rights of
	individuals are likely to be affec	ted belo	w: [NE	Include positive and negative
	impacts as well as barriers in be			
			-	· · · -
		Yes	No	Comments
			_	
	Part 1: The Convention- Righ		-reedc	
	Article 2: Right to life	X		Safeguarding is likely to engage this article
	Article 3: Right not to be	х		The Strategy is underpinned by
	tortured or treated in an			ASC duty to promote wellbeing
	inhuman or degrading way			and personal dignity
	Article 4: Right not to be		X	
			•	
	subjected to slavery/ forced			
	labour			
	Article 5: Right to liberty and	X		Safeguarding will protect these
	security			rights
	Article 6: Right to a fair trial		X	
	Article 7: No punishment		X	
	without law			
	Article 8: Right to respect for	X		ASC Strategy is focused on how to
	private and family life			support people to remain
	private and failing life			
				independent in the setting of their
				choice
	Article 9: Right to freedom of		X	
	thought, conscience and			
	religion			
	Article 10: Right to freedom		Х	
	of expression			
	Article 11: Right to freedom		X	
	At accomply and accordation			
	of assembly and association			
	Article 12: Right to marry		x	

	Article 14: Righ discriminated a Part 2: The Firs Article 1: Protect	gainst t Protocol	X			The Strategy's values and principles are designed to ensu- that no particular groups are intentionally or unintentionally excluded or disadvantaged from accessing or benefitting from the Supporting people to remain			
	property/ peace enjoyment		X			Supporting people to remain independent in the setting of the choice supports this article, together with safeguarding polic			ing of their icle,
	Article 2: Right	to education		X				0	
	Article 3: Right elections	to free		x					
Secti	-								
12.	ecision Is there evidence	e or any other re	ason t	to		Yes		No	Unknown
	suggest that:	-						X	
	affect or a	could have a di dverse impact c the community;	on any					X	
	 b) any section of the community r face barriers in benefiting from proposal 							x	
13.	Based on the answers to the questions above, what is the likely impact of this policy						et of this		
	No Impact Positive Impact Neutral Impact Negative Impact or Impact Unknown Impact Unknown						•		
	: If the decision i quired.	s 'Negative Imp	oact' c	or 'In	npa	act Not Kno	own	' an EHR	IA Report
14.	Is an EHRIA rep	ort required?			Ye	es X		١	10 <u> </u>

Section 2: Completion of EHRIA Screening

Upon completion of the screening section of this assessment, you should have identified whether an EHRIA Report is required for further investigation of the impacts of this policy.

Option 1: If you identified that an EHRIA Report <u>is required</u>, continue to <u>Section 3</u> on

Page 7 of this document to complete.

Option 2: If there are <u>no</u> equality, diversity or human rights impacts identified and an EHRIA report <u>is not required</u>, continue to <u>Section 4</u> on Page 14 of this document to complete.

Section 3: Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessment (EHRIA) Report

Section 3: Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessment Report

This part of the assessment will help you to think <u>thoroughly</u> about the impact of this policy and to critically examine whether it is <u>likely</u> to have a positive or negative impact on different groups within our diverse community. It is also to identify any barriers that may detrimentally affect under-represented communities or groups, who may be disadvantaged by the way in which we carry out our business.

Using the information gathered either within the EHRIA Screening or independently of this process, this EHRIA Report should be used to consider the impact or likely impact of the policy in relation to all areas of equality, diversity and human rights as outlined in Leicestershire County Council's Equality Strategy.

	Section 3 A: Research and Consultation						
	n considering the target groups it is important to think about whether new data						
need	Is to be collected or whether there is any existing research that can be utilised.						
15.	Based on the gaps identified either in the EHRIA Screening or independently of this process, <u>how</u> have you now explored the following and <u>what</u> does this information/data tell you about each of the diverse groups?						
	 a) current needs and aspirations and what is important to individuals and community groups (including human rights); 						
	 b) likely impacts (positive and negative, intended and unintended) to individuals and community groups (including human rights); 						
	 c) likely barriers that individuals and community groups may face (including human rights) 						
2015	public consultation exercise took place between 21 st September and 20 th October , to seek views from all stakeholders (both current and potential future ones) on the osals for the future of adult social care in Leicestershire. From the outcomes of						

2015, to seek views from all stakeholders (both current and potential future ones) on the proposals for the future of adult social care in Leicestershire. From the outcomes of this, commissioning intentions have been developed to deliver the aims and objectives of the Adult Social Care Strategy 2016 - 2020.

In addition to a questionnaire, engagement was achieved through visits to groups and forums, and through facilitated workshops with stakeholders. These activities engaged over 720 people in total. The questionnaire was completed and returned by 321 people. These activities resulted in a broad range of representation and views as outlined in the table below:

Who did we engage with?	In a group		Completed questionnaire	
Service Users	152	20.8%	61	19.0%
Carers	70	9.6%	60	18.7%
Social care providers	225	30.7%	32	10.0%
Leicestershire County Council staff	123	16.8%	59	18.4%
Public	94	12.8%	71	22.1%
Other stakeholders	68	9.3%	31	9.7%
(Not identified)			7	2.2%
TOTALS	732		321	

Of the people who returned a completed questionnaire, 61% were female and 39% male, and 46% of all respondents stated they cared for another adult. 51% describe themselves as having a long standing illness disability or infirmity. All ethnic groups were represented:

-	White/White British	82%
-	Mixed	2%
-	Asian/Asian British	13%
-	Black/Black British	2%
-	Other	1%

When asked about the proposed new model for adult social care and the extent to which people agree or disagree, 74 percent of all respondents agreed with the model. There was also agreement overall with the ideas presenting for delivering the model, and analysis of the respondent demographics did not highlight any difference in views between people with different protected characteristics. The key themes which emerged from consultation were:

- Concern about over reliance on communities, and how communities can be supported and sustained
- Achieving the balance between price and quality
- Importance of effective communication
- Key role of Information and advice
- Improvements required in relation to internal processes, including the timeliness
 of reviews and payment mechanisms for both cash direct payments and
 payments to providers of commissioned services

Implementation of the Adult Social Care commissioning Strategy 2016-2020 will be undertaken in a timely manner with a timetable linked to the expiry of current contracts and development of new specific service models. A separate EHRIA will be undertaken for each service area, related only to that work, to determine if any specific issues are identified, with attention to the key themes identified in consultation.

16.	Is any further research, data collection or evidence required to fill any gaps in your understanding of the potential or known effects of the policy on target groups?							
No further research or data collection is required in relation to these overarching strategies.								
	Further work will be required and undertaken in relation to each specific commissioning activity as it arises.							
consu	n considering who is affected by thi ulting with and involving a range of be affected as part of the proposal.	service users,						
17.	Based on the gaps identified either this process, <u>how</u> have you further impact and <u>what</u> does this consult	r consulted wit	h those affecte	ed on the likely				
18.	Is any further consultation require potential or known effects of the p			erstanding of the				
	Further engagement has taken pla and Community Life Choices serv commissioning activity, due to cor	rices, which are	e the first servi	•				
	There are 338 people using Supported Living services commissioned directly by the Department. This group consists mainly of people with a learning disability but there are also a smaller number of people with mental health difficulties who use the service.							
	Currently, there are circa 850 service users accessing Community Life Choices activities. The table below details current service user profile;							
	Primary Category of Need	Aç		Total No. of				
	Mandallia	18-64	65+	Service Users				
	Mental Health	/	64	71				
	Learning Disability	470	62	532				
	Physical Disability & Sensory	84	162	246				
	It is clear that detailed impact ass area is reviewed and alternative n	nodels are con	sidered.					
	Targeted consultation with all key	stakeholders v	vill be used to	inform the				

	ion 3				
<u>B: R</u> 19.	Recognised Impact Based on any evidence and findings, use the table below to specify if any individuals or community groups who identify with any 'protected characteristics' are <u>likely</u> be affected by this policy. Describe any positive and negative impacts, including what barriers these individuals or groups may face.				
	Comments				
	Age	The intention of the strategy is to ensure that in future, an appropriate level of service shall be open to all adults over 18 in need of support. Specific reviews and service modelling will take into account and identify any issues relating to age and accessing the proposed services, and determine whether specific age-related provision is required. The department is to undertake a project on Demand Modelling, deigned to improve prediction of future need. This will be of interest across the protected groups, but particularly so for older age groups, as there is a disproportionate population increase predicted for Leicestershire. A further project will look at performance improvement, taking a detailed approach to assessing service delivery and outcomes, with a particular focus on making better use of census data analysis. The potential to extract monitoring data will further assist assessment of impacts on all protected groups.			
	Disability	The intention of the strategy is to ensure that in future, an appropriate level of service shall be open to anyone with a disability. Specific reviews and service modelling will take into account and identify any issues with people with disabilities accessing the proposed services. The two projects referred to in the Age category also have the potential to assist with equalities assessment for disabled groups, e.g. forward planning for conditions where there is a likely increase in incidence such as dementia.			
	Gender Reassignment	Monitoring data for existing services does not provide any specific evidence related to gender reassignment. It should be noted that review and service development processes will consider this group, however there is no intention to remove access to services from this group, rather it seeks to improve services and outcomes for all citizens including those who are not eligible for social care			

	support.
Marriage and Civil Partnership Pregnancy and Maternity	Monitoring data for existing services does not provide any specific evidence related to marriage and civil partnership. It should be noted that review and service development processes will consider this group, however there is no intention to remove access to services from this group, rather it seeks to improve services and outcomes for all citizens including those who are not eligible for social care support. Monitoring data for existing services does not
	provide any specific evidence related to pregnancy and maternity. It should be noted that review and service development processes will consider this group, however there is no intention to remove access to services from this group, rather it seeks to improve services and outcomes for all citizens including those who are not eligible for social care support.
Race	During specific service development attempts will be made through targeted engagement (e.g. discussions with BME community groups) to determine whether there are any issues with accessing preventative services in respect of race, i.e. some groups may be or feel less able to access services that others because of their race). If such issues are identified then service modelling will aim to resolve this issues and ensure continued and (if required) more equitable access to these services
Religion or Belief	
Sex	In relation to any gender-specific services, additional work will be undertaken to determine if there are any issues with accessing these, or if gender-specificity results in any gaps in provision.
Sexual Orientation	As part of the service development process attempts will be made to determine (through engagement with representatives groups, e.g. the Council's LGBT Workers' Group) whether there are any issues with accessing any specific service in respect of an individual's sexual orientation. If such issues are identified then service modelling will aim to resolve these issues and ensure continued and (if required) more equitable access to these services.
Other groups e.g. rural isolation, deprivation, health inequality, carers,	As any specific service is developed, attempts will be made to determine whether there are any issues with accessing the new services. If such

asylum seeker and refu communities, looked a children, deprived disadvantaged communi	fteraim to resolve these issues and ensure continuedI orand (if required) more equitable access to these
Community Cohes	ion It is considered that the proposed model provides opportunities to work more closely with communities and this will be explored further as specifications for any new services are developed.

20.	Based on any evidence and findings, use the table below to specify if any particular Articles in the Human Rights Act are <u>likely</u> apply to your policy. Are the human rights of any individuals or community groups affected by this proposal? Is there an impact on human rights for any of the protected characteristics?			
		Comments		
	Part 1: The Convention- Rights a	nd Freedoms		
	Article 2: Right to life	Services are expected to identify any risks to service users and professionals and to have		
	Article 3: Right not to be tortured or treated in an inhuman or degrading way	Health & Safety, safeguarding and whistle blowing policies and procedures in place.		
	Article 4: Right not to be subjected to slavery/ forced labour	All commissioned services will be expected to meet the required standards, and will be subject to compliance checks to ensure that		
	Article 5: Right to liberty and security	standards and good practice are maintained.		
	Article 6: Right to a fair trial	All service users will be made aware of complaints procedures and the right to have decisions reconsidered.		
	Article 7: No punishment without law	n/a		
	Article 8: Right to respect for private and family life	Services are expected to respect privacy, maintain dignity, and ensure service users and their families have choices and are supported to make decisions about their own lives.		
	Article 9: Right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion	n/a		
	Article 10: Right to freedom of expression	n/a		

	F	
	Article 11: Right to freedom of	n/a
	assembly and association	
	Article 12: Right to marry	n/a
	Article 14: Right not to be	The new model of services is expected to be
	discriminated against	delivered without direct or indirect
		discrimination of any kind to service users
		and staff
	Part 2: The First Protocol	
	Article 1: Protection of property/	
	peaceful enjoyment	
	Article 2: Right to education	
	Article 3: Right to free elections	
Secti	ion 3	
	itigating and Assessing the Impac	
Takii	ng into account the research, data, c	onsultation and information you have reviewed
and/	or carried out as part of this EHRIA,	it is now essential to assess the impact of the
polic	y.	
21.	-	or potential adverse impact or discrimination,
	•	ether it is justifiable or legitimate and give
	reasons.	
N.B.		
i) If y	ou have identified adverse impact or	discrimination that is illegal, you are required
to tak	ke action to remedy this immediately	
, .	•	or discrimination that is justifiable or legitimate,
		in be taken to mitigate its effect on those
	ps of people.	
22.	•	negative impacts identified and/or barriers or
	•	he how you propose to minimise all negative
	impact or discrimination.	
	a) include any relevant researc	h and consultations findings which highlight

		the best way in which to minimise negative impact or discrimination
	b)	consider what barriers you can remove, whether reasonable adjustments may be necessary, and how any unmet needs that you have identified can be addressed
	c)	if you are not addressing any negative impacts (including human rights) or potential barriers identified for a particular group, please explain why
Secti	<u>on 3</u>	
		a decision
23.	Sumn Leices	narise your findings and give an overview as to whether the policy will meet stershire County Council's responsibilities in relation to equality, diversity, nunity cohesion and human rights.
possi	new stra ble and	ategic approach aims to support people to become as independent as d should therefore have positive impact upon individual wellbeing. It t vulnerable people are safeguarded, and that community support and

Sect	Section 3		
E: M	onitoring, evaluation & review of your policy		
24.	Are there processes in place to review the findings of this EHRIA and make appropriate changes? In particular, how will you monitor potential barriers and any positive/ negative impact?		
	The attached action plan will be used to support checks on progress of implementation of the strategy, which will be overseen by the Adult Social Care Strategy Steering Group reporting to Departmental Management Team and the Transformation Board. Specifically, the Equalities Improvement Plan will be reviewed by the Departmental Equalities Group to monitor the impact of the strategy.		
25.	How will the recommendations of this assessment be built into wider planning and review processes? e.g. policy reviews, annual plans and use of performance management systems		
	The findings of EHRIAs are incorporated into appropriate plans and policies.		

Section 3: F: Equality and human rights improvement plan

Please list all the equality objectives, actions and targets that result from the Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessment (EHRIA) (continue on separate sheets as necessary). These now need to be included in the relevant service plan for mainstreaming and performance management purposes.

Equality Objective	Action	Target	Officer Responsible	By when
Embed equality issues into strategy delivery performance framework.	Performance Improvement Officer has been appointed and will take up post in January. This officer will be developing an overarching performance framework for delivery of the strategy	Performance framework in place and includes equality issues	Performance Improvement Lead Officer	
Equalities monitoring is ongoing and embedded	Use the outcomes of EHRIAs to inform Service Planning, monitoring whether the EHRIAs and associated action plans lead to improved outcomes for customers.	All service plans reflect EHRIA outcomes.	Contract Compliance Manager	
Impact upon specific groups due to any changes is examined in detail	Detailed impact assessment work as each service area is reviewed and alternative models are considered.	All reviews include full EHRIA	Strategic Planning & Commissioning Manager	

There is equity of access to new service provision without discrimination to any protected groups, as identified in Section 2 (above), particularly in relation to disability, race, religion and belief.	Service specifications for any new or remodelled service will clearly state equality requirements (including expected non- discriminatory access to the service. This will be tested through the procurement process and monitored during the life of the contract.	All contracts include EHRIA requirements and monitoring arrangements.		
Communities are able to meet the expectations implicit in the shift towards community support and local provision in meeting care needs.	Evaluation of Local Area Co-ordinator pilot (started 2015)	Local provision is sufficient to meet need	(Public Health)	
Maintain the required standards of commissioned care services in the face of reducing budgets.	Ensure that a sensible balance between price and quality is struck during procurement procedures. Improve efficiency of CCF payment procedures to	All new procurement addresses this balance.	Market Development Manager CCF Manager	
	ensure prompt payment. Market Development has taken responsibility for development of adequate and sustainable of local provision.		Market Development Manager	

Improve internal	Ensure timeliness of care		Head of Service (Reviews)	
procedures to protect the	plan reviews.			
long term health and			CCF Manager	
wellbeing Interests of	Ensure that financial			
service users, particularly in	assessments are accurate			
relation to their Article 3	and that cash direct			
rights.	payments are efficient and			
	prompt.			
Ensure accessibility of	All known barriers to	Information & Advice	Strategic Planning &	
Information and Advice	accessing these activities,	Strategy developed.	Commissioning Manager	
services, and all forms of	as outlined in section 3B,			
communication between	are taken into account and	Information Standards		
LCC, its partners and the	adequately resourced.	adopted.		
public.				

Section 4: Sign off and scrutiny

Upon completion, the Lead Officer completing this assessment is required to sign the document in the section below.

It is required that this Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessment (EHRIA) is scrutinised by your <u>Departmental Equalities Group</u> and signed off by the Chair of the Group.

Once scrutiny and sign off has taken place, a depersonalised version of this EHRIA should be published on Leicestershire County Council's website. Please send a copy of this form to louisa.jordan@leics.gov.uk, Members Secretariat, in the Chief Executive's department for publishing.

Section 4 A: Sign Off and Scrutiny
Confirm, as appropriate, which elements of the EHRIA have been completed and are required for sign off and scrutiny.
Equality and Human Rights Assessment Screening
Equality and Human Rights Assessment Report
1 st Authorised Signature (EHRIA Lead Officer):

Date:

2nd Authorised Signature (DEG Chair):

Muthh.

Date: ...20/01/2016